


MANAGING RISK 

Verification and validation of consequence models

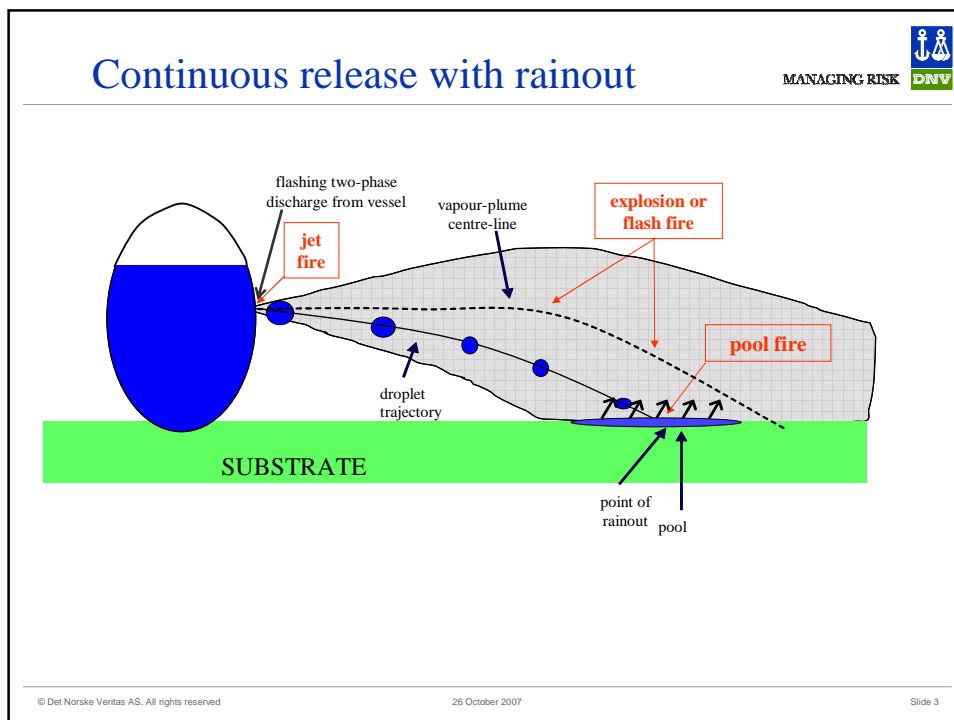
UKELG, 19-20 September 2007
Cardiff, Wales


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Verification and validation of consequence models

- Introduction
- Discharge
- Dispersion
- Flammable effects

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- ### Quality procedure for model development
- MANAGING RISK 
- Define model
 - Literature review
 - Formulate physical and mathematical model
 - Solution method and algorithm
 - Design (preliminary, detailed) and coding
 - Model testing
 - Documentation
 - Review
 - Model integration into overall product
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Model testing

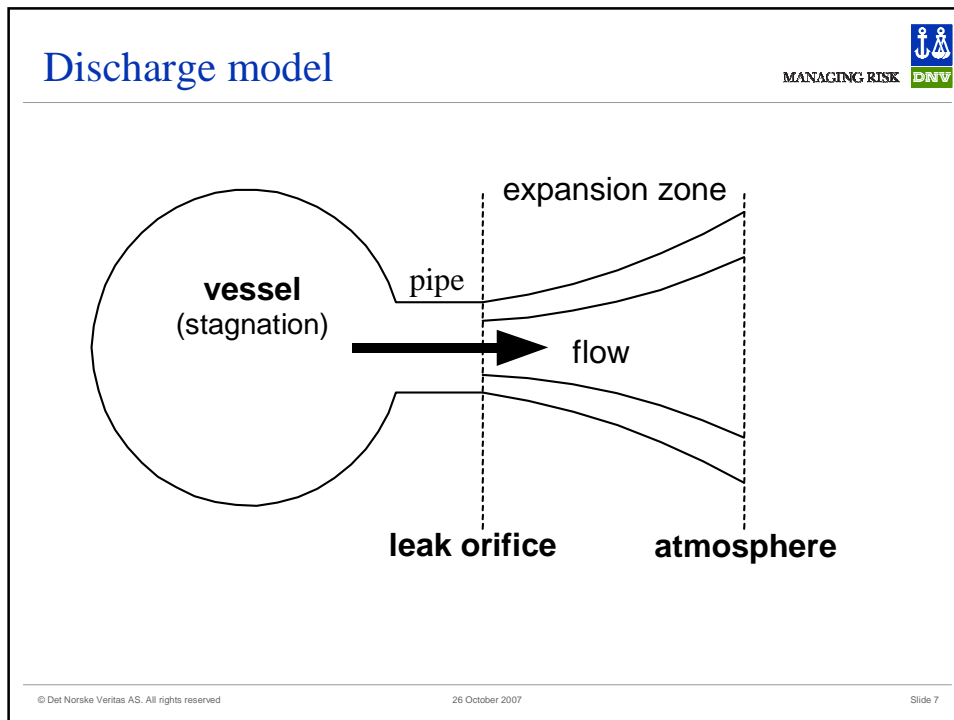



- Verification - code solves correctly mathematical model
 - Against analytical solution
 - Against parallel 'verification' Excel spreadsheet
 - Against other model
- Validation against experimental data – justify model assumptions
 - Small-scale experiments (isolating phenomenon)
 - Large-scale experiments
- Sensitivity analysis – overall robustness and effect parameters
 - Base case
 - Parameter variations (single or multiple parameters)

Key references for consequence and risk modelling




- Dutch Yellow Book (1997)
- Loss Prevention Process Industries
 - Lees (1996)
 - Updated Mannan (2005)
- Perry Chemicals Engineering Handbook (1999)
- CCPS guidelines
 - Dispersion (1996)
 - Flammable effects (1994)
 - QRA (2000)



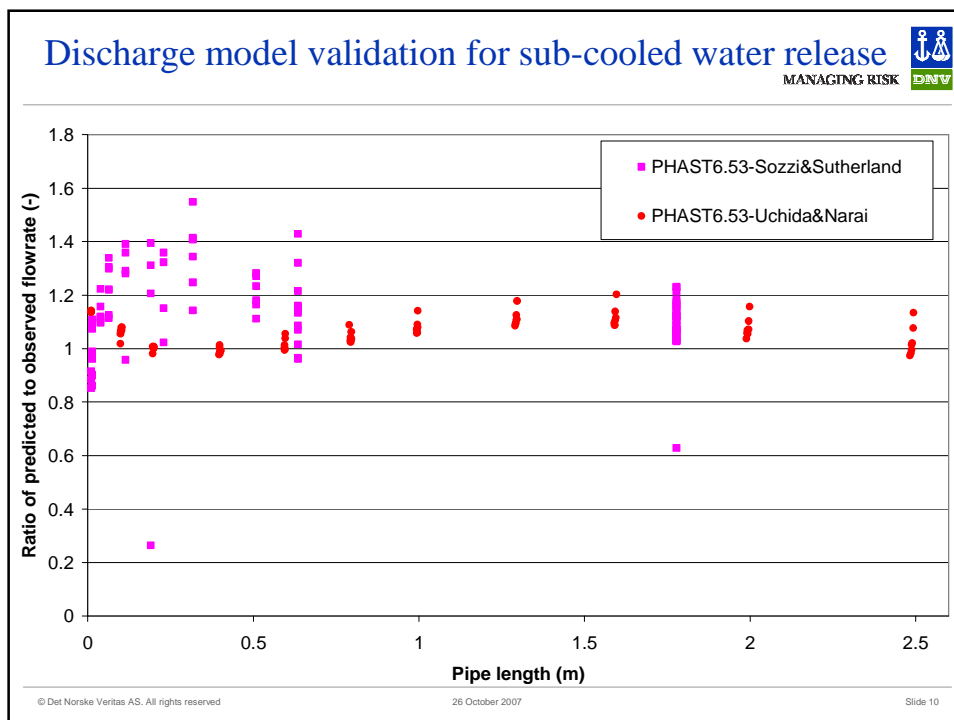
- ## Discharge model
- MANAGING RISK 
- Range of scenarios
 - Leak from vessel, short or long pipes, instantaneous, relief systems, ...
 - Sub-cooled liquid, flashing liquid, or gas release
 - Data
 - Flow rate, velocity and liquid fraction (both orifice and post-expansion data)
 - Droplet size
 - Literature survey
 - Numerous discharge models
 - No up-to-date overview of experiments (benchmark tests)
 - No published established systematic model evaluation
 - Literature review to establish experimental dataset
 - Application to Phast discharge models
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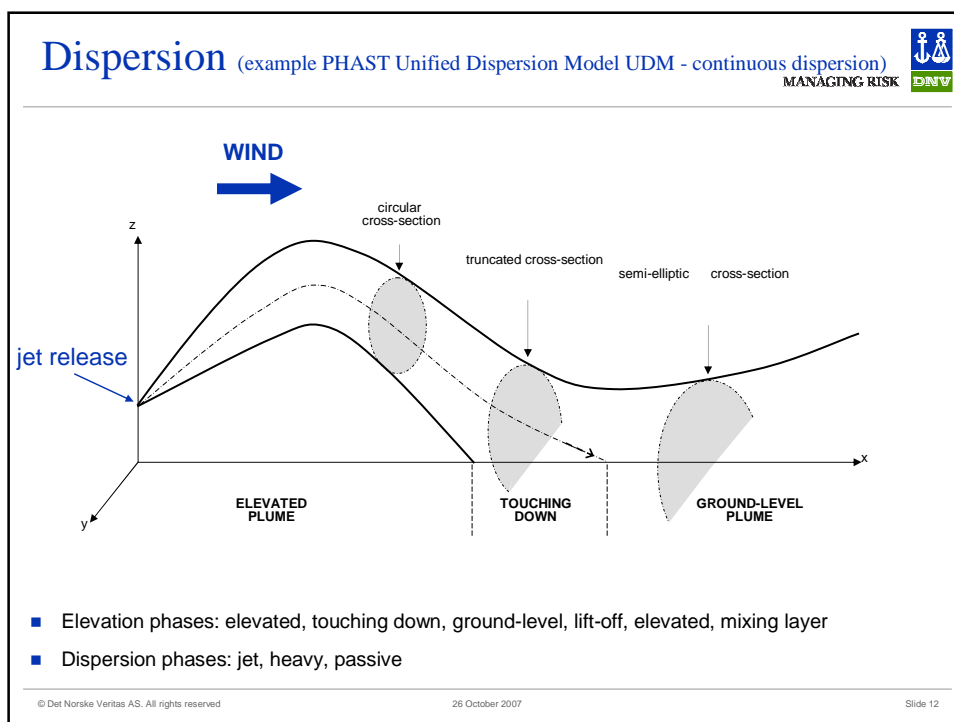
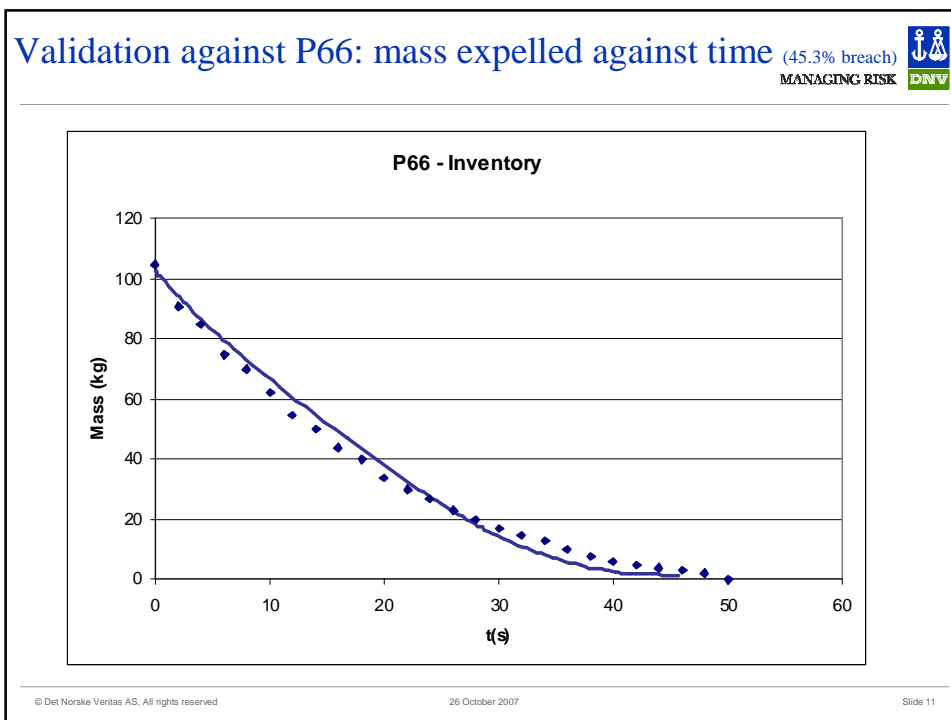
Discharge model verification and validation


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- Verification
 - Analytical flow-rate equations
 - incompressible liquid (Bernoulli)
 - ideal gas (choked and un-choked)
 - Process simulators
 - Worked-out examples in literature (e.g. CCPS publications)
- Validation
 - Subcooled and saturated water jets
 - Sozzi and Sutherland (varying pipe length)
 - Uchida and Narai (varying pipe length and stagnation pressure)
 - Many other experiments
 - Hydrocarbon releases
 - Full-bore and orifice releases of liquid propane (Shell)
 - Orifice releases of butane (Shell)
 - Long pipe - validation against Isle of Grain (full-bore and partial leaks – LPG)

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Dispersion module verification and validation



- Near-field elevated/jet dispersion
 - Verification: analytical solution (horizontal jet), vertical jet correlations
- Heavy dispersion
 - Verification: analytical solution (2D), HEGADAS (3D)
 - Validation: McQuaid (2D isothermal), HTAG (3D isothermal)
- Passive dispersion
 - Verification: analytical solution, TNO Gaussian concentration profile
- Finite duration
 - Verification: SLAB/HGSYSTEM [finite-duration correction model – FDC]
 - Validation: Kit Fox [quasi-instantaneous model (QI) and FDC]

Dispersion module verification and validation (continued)



- Thermodynamics
 - Verification: analytical, HEGADAS (pure component, mixture, HF)
 - Validation: Schotte experiment (HF)
- Pool spreading/evaporation
 - Verification: GASP
 - Validation: spills on water/land, wide range of chemicals (LNG, propane, ...)
 - spreading (non-volatile chemicals)
 - evaporation (confined pools)
 - simultaneous spreading and evaporation

Dispersion – Validation against large scale experiments



- Continuous passive dispersion
 - Prairie Grass
- Continuous elevated two-phase jet
 - Ammonia (Desert Tortoise and FLADIS)
 - Propane (EEC)
 - HF (Goldfish)
- Continuous dispersion from pool
 - LNG (Maplin Sands, Burro, Coyoto)
 - LPG (Maplin Sands)
- Un-pressurised instantaneous
 - Freon-12 (Thorney Island)
- Continuous and finite-duration dispersion from area source
 - CO₂ (Kit Fox)

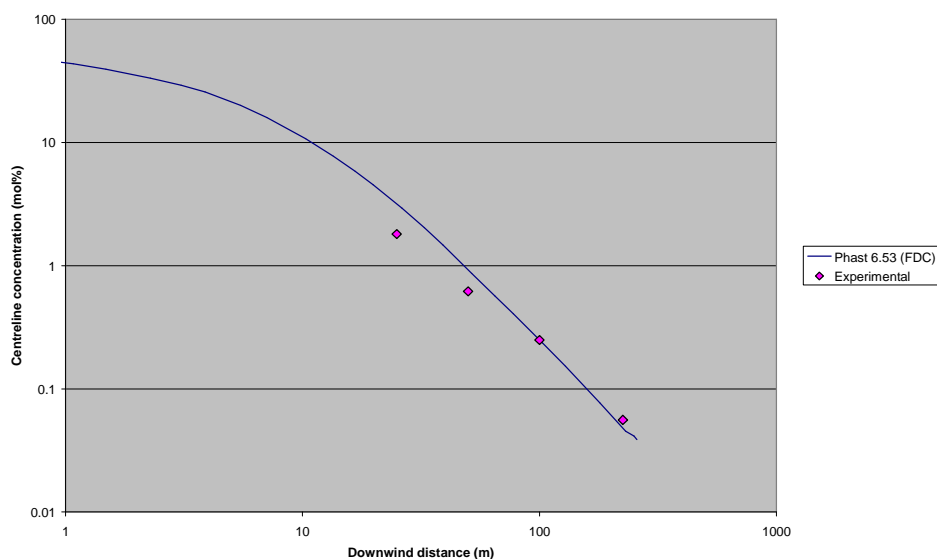
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Dispersion – Validation for Kit Fox experiment

(20 second release of CO₂, experiment KF0706)




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Fireballs, jet fires and pool fires

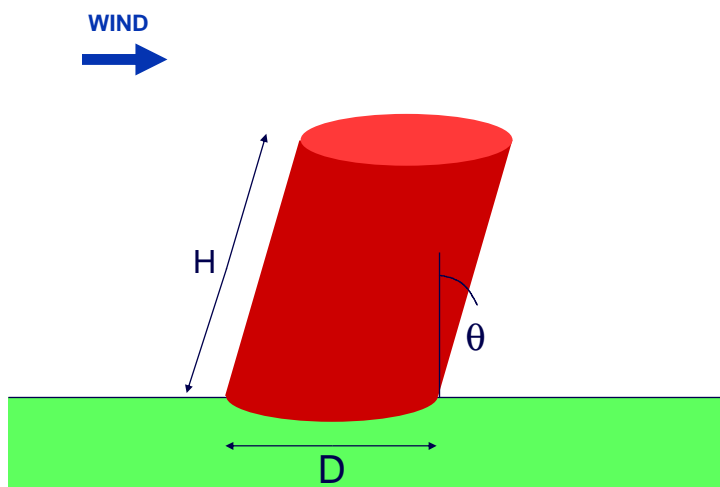


- **Mathematical model**
 - Empirical correlations for fire geometry and surface emissive power
 - Fireball (sphere)
 - Pool fire (tilted cylinder)
 - Jet fire (cone)
 - Radiation at given location by means of integration along fire surface
- **Verification**
 - Simple hand calculations and/or spreadsheet
 - Comparison against other models
- **Validation**
 - Pool fire:
 - LNG (Montoir, Johnson)
 - Hexane (Lois and Swithenbank)
 - Jet fire:
 - Vertical natural gas (Chamberlain)
 - Horizontal natural gas (Johnson, Bennett et al.)
 - Two-phase LPG (Bennett et al.)
 - Horizontal liquid crude oil (Selby and Burgan)

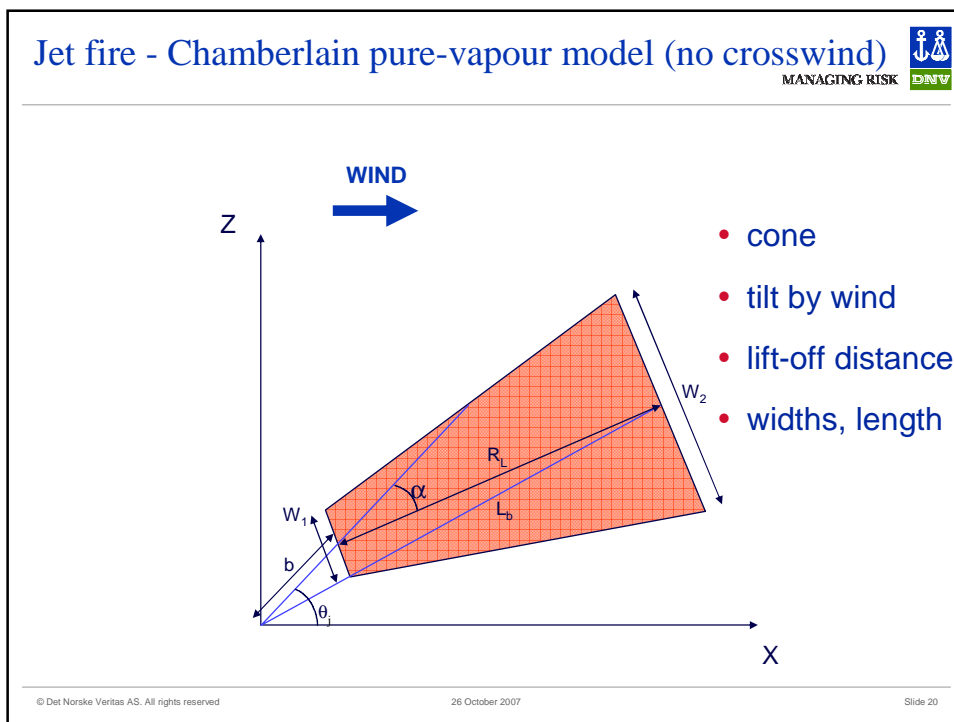
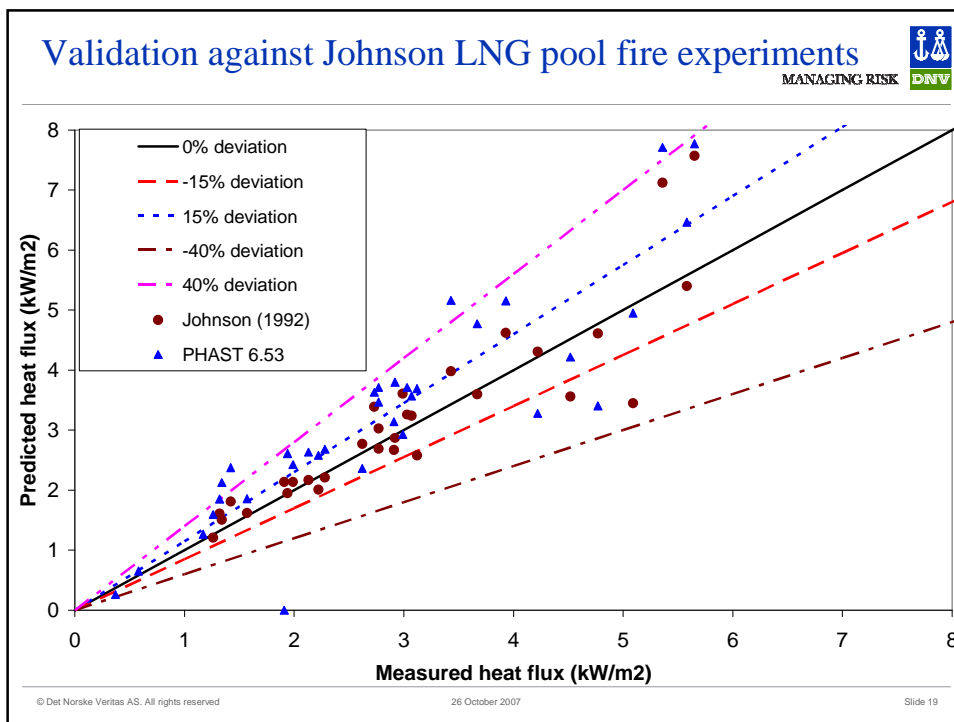
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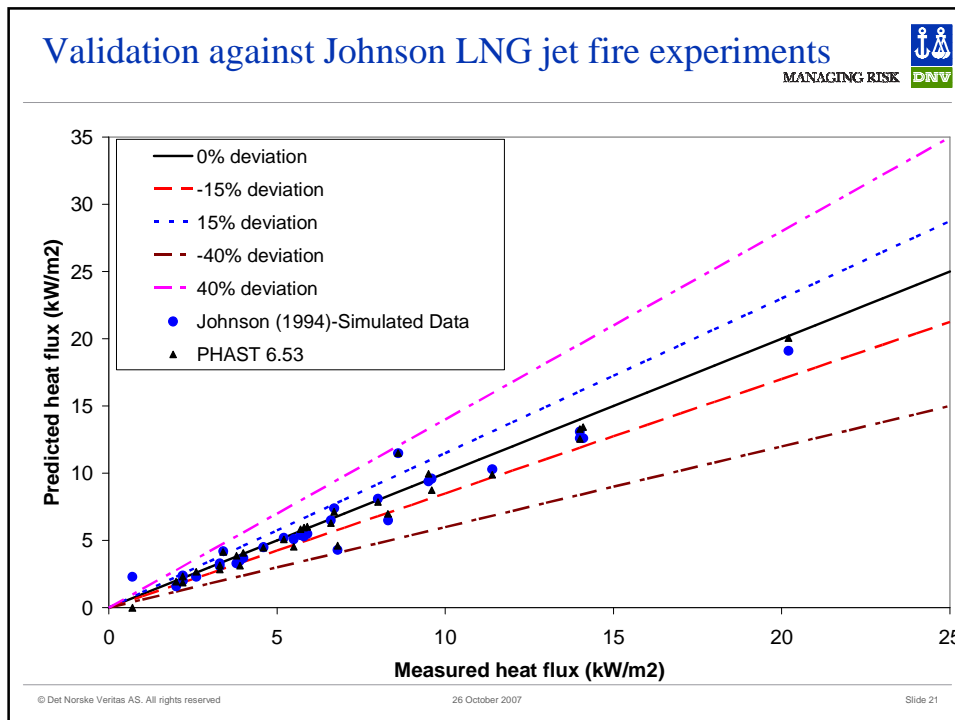
Pool fire model (Phast model POLF)





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- ### Explosion modelling
- MANAGING RISK DNV
- Comparative study by Fitzgerald
 - Key models:
 - TNO Multi energy (MULT)
 - Baker Strehlow (BSEX)
 - Shell Congestion Assessment Model (CAM)
 - Validation:
 - LNG, LPG (EMERGE - TNO)
 - LNG (BFETS -SCI)
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