Computer-aided Hazard Identification

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## **HAZOP Studies**

- an established and widely used technique in the process industry for hazard identification
- time consuming, labour intensive process
  - tedious
  - expensive

## **Computer-aided HAZOP**

- different levels of support
  - electronic report form
  - electronic data
  - automated hazard identification
    - continuous operation
    - batch operation

Automated Hazard Identification

- continuous operation
  - from basic research to commercial product -HAZID
  - basic technology
    - signed directed graph representation
    - fault propagation
  - go through a list of deviations systematically and identify the faults that cause the deviations and the consequences that result from the faults and deviations

## HAZID Overview

- Features
  - automated extraction of plant design from a CAD system, e.g. Intergraph SmartPlant P&ID and Smart Sketch
  - convenient forms for adding any missing process specific information
  - tick boxes for selecting analysis options
    - deviations, e.g. more flow, less flow, etc.
    - items

## HAZID Overview

- Features
  - different output formats
    - XML web page
    - Excel spreadsheet
  - query facility for viewing analysis results
    - e.g. viewing faults and consequences relating to a particular plant item
    - e.g. viewing the propagation path between a particular fault and consequence
  - compare facility for viewing the difference between two HAZID runs
    - useful for after making a change to the design





Automated Hazard Identification

- batch operation
  - early research prototype (CHECKOP)
  - basic technology
    - action representation
    - state-based simulation
  - go through a set of operation instructions systematically and identify potential ambiguities, operating problems and hazards
  - applying guidewords such as before, after, no action, etc

## **CHECKOP** Demonstration

([kettle] move-under [kitchen-tap]) ([kettle] open-lid ) ([kitchen-tap] turn-on) ([kettle] fill-from [kitchen-tap] with water until volume 50 %) ([kitchen-tap] turn-off) ([kettle] close-lid) ([kettle] move-to [kettle-base]) ([kettle-base] plug-to [powersocket]) ([power-socket] switch-on) ([kettle] switch-on) ([kettle] heat-content until temp 100 C) ([kettle] switch-off) ([power-socket] switch-off)

([tea-bag-tin] move-to [cup]) ([tea-bag-tin] open-lid) ([tea-bag] move-into [cup]) ([kettle] move-to [cup]) ([cup] fill-from [kettle] with water until volume 80 %) ([cup] react-content until elapsed-time 5 seconds) ([milk-bottle] move-to [cup]) ([milk-bottle] open-lid) ([cup] fill-from [milk-bottle] with milk abs amount 10 ml) ([bottle] close-lid) ([spoon] stir-content of [cup] until elapsedtime 3 seconds)

# Batch HAZOP

| Guideword | Deviation   | Cause | Consequence |
|-----------|-------------|-------|-------------|
| No        | Action      |       |             |
| Early     | Action      |       |             |
| Early     | Termination |       |             |
| Late      | Action      |       |             |
| Late      | Termination |       |             |

## Conclusions

#### automated hazard identification

- continuous operation
  - commercial tool that can reduce the time of HAZOP
- batch operation
  - promising area of research and development for identifying problems associated with human errors and operating procedures